UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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RASHAUN FERGUSON,

: 17-CV-6871 (ENV) (SJB)

Plaintiff, :

: March 3, 2021

V. : Brooklyn, New York

CITY OF NEW YORK, et al., :

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TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR STATUS CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE SANKET J. BULSARA
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff: FRED LICHTMACHER, ESQ.

ANURADHA LAZARRE, ESQ.

For the Defendant: GEOFFREY STANNARD, ESQ.

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Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service

1 THE COURT: This is Judge Bulsara. Who is 2 here for the plaintiffs? 3 MR. LICHTMACHER: Fred Lichtmacher. 4 afternoon, your Honor. THE COURT: Good afternoon. 5 Who is here for the defendants? 6 7 MR. STANNARD: Geoffrey Stannard for defendants, your Honor, and I believe there's one other 8 9 attorney for the plaintiff. 10 MS. LAZARRE: Your Honor, this is Anuradha 11 Lazarre for the plaintiffs. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon to 13 everybody. 14 I see that Judge Vitaliano earlier today 15 entered a briefing schedule. So he only question 16 really before me, and really it's, Mr. Lichtmacher, for 17 you at least in the first instance is the request to 18 subpoena additional information. Is that something 19 you'd still like to proceed with? 20 MR. LICHTMACHER: Yeah. First of all, Logan 2.1 Smith, the principal to Goldie Maple School, viewed a video with two officers. She took their cards and 22 23 their names may be in the school log. We didn't feel a 24 great sense of urgency because we knew at some point, 25 she would get them out of her drawer and give them to

1 us. We were in contact with her. However, then Covid hit. Now, she doesn't know if she's ever going to 2 3 return to the school. So the names of the officers who viewed the video, which is clearly extremely 4 5 exculpatory, and the officers let the video be 6 destroyed. They didn't claim the video, they didn't 7 write in the DD-5 that they examined it. So the names of those officers have become 8 9 more important to get independently, as Ms. Smith --10 Logan-Smith, excuse me, is apparently not going back to 11 the school. Those names could be written in the school 12 safety log. When people enter the school, they're 13 supposed to have their names entered, although police 14 officers and detectives frequently do not; they will 15 just walk in. So if I'm able to subpoena them, it 16 would be easier because as I said, she may never return 17 to the building. 18 THE COURT: And is that the only subpoena? 19 MR. LICHTMACHER: That's -- well, then 20 there's one other piece of information, number two. 2.1 This I didn't include it in my letter. Bob DeDio (ph), 22 who was the criminal attorney in this case, who we 23 expected to testify for us, suddenly died a few weeks 24 ago, a good friend of mine, great criminal attorney. 25 He was going to be a witness in this case and one of

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the things he was going to be a witness to was the fact that there was never produced to him the name of the witness to the five-foot-nine-inch person who viewed the shooter. Now, my client is probably six-foot-four, so it's quite a discrepancy in the identification, you know, in the description.

So with Mr. DeDio no longer able -- no longer with us, there is a redacted document called a preliminary investigation. I did not find this worksheet. I did not find it terribly important in light of the fact that Mr. DeDio was going to come in and say during the trial nobody -- you know, we were never given during the trial or in discovery the name of a witness who saw a five-foot-nine-inch person, who was the shooter, allegedly the shooter. By the way, we know who the shooter was. He's been murdered subsequently and he coincidentally was five-foot-nine inches tall.

In the preliminary investigation worksheet, which is generated the day of the shooting or the next day, I forget. I'm sorry, it's in front of me, the next day. There's a list of 21 people who made calls, 911 calls. All their names are redacted. There's a possibility and probability that one of those people in fact saw the person and said he was five-foot-nine

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inches tall. With Mr. DeDio no longer available, I
would like to have the names of those people. Again,
earlier, I did not find that as important as I do now.
So I would like those names.
           THE COURT: Let's take these in turn.
the defendants have any objection to the subpoena to
the principal school?
          MR. STANNARD: Yes, your Honor. I mean,
this is something that should have been sought during
discovery. The Logan-Smith testimony -- she was
deposed on April 4^{th}, 2019. She testified long before
Covid started. They knew that she had said that she
couldn't remember the names of the officer who came to
visit her. It's pure speculation that there's any such
log that would include these names, and it's basically
just a post-discovery fishing expedition that -- as
your Honor stated, we already have a date to propose a
briefing schedule for summary judgment.
           This could delay that because if it turns
out that there is something with names on it, that will
affect defendants' strategy with respect to summary
judgment, obviously. So our position is that this is
an improper attempt to continue discovery after the
deadline for completion of discovery.
           THE COURT: Okay, well, whether I grant or
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    deny the request for the subpoena on this item, it's
    not going to affect the schedule. The other part is,
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    Mr. Lichtmacher certainly could serve a trial subpoena
    on the principal and force her to show up with these
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    documents at trial, right?
               MR. LICHTMACHER: May I respond, your Honor.
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    There's a problem with that.
               THE COURT: Hold on. I didn't ask you the
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    question, I asked the defendants a question.
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: I'm sorry, I thought you
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    were addressing it to me. Forgive me.
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               THE COURT: No, I said Mr. Lichtmacher could
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    do that, which is a question to Mr. Stannard.
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               So I don't know why, whether it's pre- or
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    post-discovery, if it's not being permitted to be used
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    in connection with summary judgment, he's not permitted
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    to serve the subpoena to get it.
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               MR. STANNARD: Sorry, I don't think I
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    understand your Honor's question.
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               THE COURT: He can serve a trial subpoena,
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    demand that the principal show up, not a witness within
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    his control. And with that subpoena, with that Rule 45
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    subpoena, say, you have to show up at trial and you
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    have to bring these pieces of information, right?
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: Yes. So that's -- well, I
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1 believe he could do that with respect to the notes that 2 the principal said she took that she believes are in 3 her desk, to which she is apparently never going back. But I don't think that applies to these logs that 4 5 plaintiff believes might exist. I think that would be 6 a separate issue. THE COURT: Okay, so there's no objection to 8 her -- to subpoenaing from, whether it's the Department 9 of Education or from the principal herself, these 10 pieces of information, the notes which clearly she 11 believes exist and she admitted to them -- testify 12 about. 13 Mr. Lichtmacher, I don't know who you're 14 going to direct the subpoena to. I leave that to you. But the subpoena for the notes that are in the desk, in 15 16 light of the fact that the only reason we don't have 17 them is because Covid, and there was a reasonable 18 expectation that you were going to get them, I will 19 permit you to subpoena those now. 20 As to the logbooks, I think defense counsel 2.1 is right. This is not certainly a new concept. And 22 frankly, it is a question of, you know, what are the 23 chances, frankly. And unless I misunderstood, I think 24 you would even acknowledge that when police officers

actually walk into a school, they just literally walk

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in. They don't sign in. So I'm inclined to deny and will deny the request for the logbooks, but I will permit you to subpoena for the notes that were in the desk. MR. LICHTMACHER: That won't get them, your Honor, and I'll explain why if I may. Two things: First of all, my adversary said whether or not there are logbooks. There are. She testified to the fact that the logbooks exist. That's number one. Number two, I've been doing litigation against the DOE and I know about these logbooks. I've had issues with them in two cases I'm dealing with right now, so the information probably would be there. And if I may, the reason the logbooks would be efficient -- she may never want to walk back into that school. And if she doesn't, the way she described her desk to us was like, I don't think anybody is going to find it unless they go into her room, unlock her drawer, and dump all the contents into her apartment. It's possible that can be done but the simpler way is a subpoena to the DOE. And again, this wouldn't have been necessary if it wasn't for Covid and that's why I don't believe this is untimely. Nobody could predict this was going to happen. Yes, she was deposed in April, April 4th,

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    2019. We were in touch with her and she said, yeah,
    I'll go through and I'll find it. I think she even
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    told us she'd stick her nose in the logbook if she
    couldn't for some reason get her hands on her notes
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    with the officers' or the detectives' cards.
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               THE COURT: I don't understand, Mr.
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    Lichtmacher. I'm telling you, you can get the notes.
    If that means --
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: I don't think they can be
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    gotten to. That's the problem.
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               THE COURT: Isn't that a DOE problem, right?
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: I hope so.
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               THE COURT: If they literally have to come
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    and bring the desk into the courtroom and hand it over
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    to you, they will have to do that.
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: Sounds good, I'm happy,
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    okay.
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               THE COURT: The subpoena is for a particular
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    item identified by a witness that exists. Unless they
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    go in and search for it and get it -- it's not like the
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    desk is in a contaminated nuclear facility. That was
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    my point about, you could serve the subpoena. We'll
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    talk about what compliance looks like but -- the notes
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    are the critical element. I'm not going to permit the
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    logbook because if you have the notes, you don't need
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the logbook, and I do question whether the logbook
would have the information but you can cross that
bridge when you want, though. I'm telling you, you can
get the notes. That the principal can't get them from
her desk or isn't going back to school, you know, that
is a position that exits outside of litigation perhaps
but we're in litigation.
          Now, with respect to the -- with respect to
the second item -- and I'm sure -- well, I'll let you
talk with Mr. Stannard or other counsel who wants to
represent the DOE, if there is such a thing, about how
to get the notes but that's all we're talking about.
She was going to do it voluntarily and now, with the
subpoena, she has to do it because via court order.
          MR. LICHTMACHER: May I ask a question about
the subpoena, a quick question?
           THE COURT: Yes.
          MR. LICHTMACHER: When you say trial
subpoena, does that mean I have to wait until the trial
to -- which is what we usually do with trial subpoenas,
or can I do that subpoena now?
           THE COURT: That was my point. That was my
point. My point was that because this was a piece of
information identified during discovery, you can serve
a trial subpoena at trial to get it at trial, which is
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the reason why the pure discovery cutoff argument
wasn't holding that much water with me. As a result,
I'm going to permit you to get it now but I'm not going
to permit the changing of the discovery schedule.
          MR. LICHTMACHER: Understood.
           THE COURT: But the logbooks, you know, I
accept defendants' argument at this point. To me, they
sit in a different category when I think there was a
reasonable reliance and expectation on the notes that
you were going to get them, so you're going to get them
now but we're not going to delay the summary judgment
briefing.
          Now, as to -- is there any other item at
this point?
          MR. LICHTMACHER: The preliminary
investigation report is the one that's redacted, the
one I discussed in (ui).
           THE COURT: I'm sorry, that's right. What I
didn't understand from what you were saying -- are you
saying these were in the possession of criminal defense
counsel and, therefore, you don't have access to them
now?
          MR. LICHTMACHER: Not at all. We have
redacted copies of the preliminary investigation
report. There are 21 names redacted in that report, 21
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    people who called 911. They write in the report, which
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    is generated right after the incident, that the person
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    is identified as being five-foot-nine inches tall. I
    explained the discrepancy with my plaintiff already.
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               THE COURT: I see. And where did you get
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    the report from? Was it through your own
    investigation, was it through information criminal
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    defense counsel gave you, or was it produced by the
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    defendants here?
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: By the D.A. I subpoenaed
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    the D.A. They provided it to both sides, their entire
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    file.
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               THE COURT: And did they provide a basis for
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    the redactions?
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: At that point, when I had
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    discussions -- I forgot the person's name. I have it
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    in my file. He's an A.D.A. in charge of these things,
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    said there was no reason for you to get them and there
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    were safety measures involved.
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               THE COURT: So I think the proper means,
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    frankly, to deal with this is, you need to -- it's not
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    really an issue between you and corporation counsel,
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    right? It's an issue between you and the D.A.'s
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    office. I think you need to --
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: Well, if I may.
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THE COURT: Give me one second. You've got
to tell them that you'd like either a letter request,
which if they fail to agree with, you need to file a
motion to unredact the document and give them an
opportunity to be heard.
          MR. LICHTMACHER: If I may, your Honor.
           THE COURT: Yes, go ahead.
          MR. LICHTMACHER: The city should have the
unredacted document. I don't know about my adversary
and I'm not accusing him of anything and I mean that.
But it is a city-produced document generated by
Sergeant Lopez. It would be accessible to the NYPD in
unredacted form. Juan A. Lopez is the sergeant and
I've forgotten what his exact title is. He's from --
he's a BRAM sergeant from the 101st, B-R-A-M sergeant
101^{st}. I don't remember what the acronym stands for.
So they would have it, number one.
           Again, I didn't have a need for this before
and when my buddy died, it became a different ball
game. I would like somebody to come to court and say
what wasn't there. There was a person identified and
he wasn't there. Now I'd like to get the person to
replace Mr. DeDio.
           THE COURT: This doesn't have to be resolved
before summary judgment, right?
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: No, it does not, your
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    Honor, it does not.
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               THE COURT: Because I'm assuming that there
    are perhaps other documents that you would like
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    unredacted for trial purposes.
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: At this point, we were
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    able to determine almost everything that was redacted,
    what it would pertain to, for instance the Wheeling
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    (ph) incident, so there's very little. The files are
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    possibly 7,000 pages. I've gone through it all and I'm
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    able to decipher just about everything I need, except
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    for this.
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               THE COURT: Okay. I don't think we need to
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    address this now. We can deal with it after summary
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    judgment and then I think we can go from there.
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: Okay. All right, I'll
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    serve the subpoena now.
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               THE COURT: Sorry, what?
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: I'll serve the subpoena
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    now for the -- probably on the DOE and on Ms. Smith,
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    because she may not be able to get into the building.
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    I'll find out from her exactly where they are in her
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    desk and if I have to, I'll have the desk brought to
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    the court. I can't get into the court. I'll have it
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    brought to my home office. How is that, your Honor?
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    Does that work?
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               THE COURT: Wherever it needs to be.
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    think we can come up with measures short of bringing
    the desk.
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               But before we let everyone go of course, Mr.
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    Stannard, anything you'd like to say or be heard on any
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    of these issues at this point?
               MR. STANNARD: Well, I know we're not really
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    crossing the bridge regarding the 911 callers but I
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    would just point out to the Court and to plaintiff's
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    counsel that the Sprint reports for this case were
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    produced and I think a review of those reports will
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    show that none of the 911 callers actually saw the
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    shooter. Mr. Lichtmacher, can correct me if I'm wrong,
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    if he knows otherwise, but my reading of it was that
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    they did not see the shooter.
               So if the purpose that he's looking -- that
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    he wants these names, which are, you know, private --
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    there are privacy concerns about 911 callers. If the
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    purpose for getting the names is to find out someone
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    that identified the shooter as being 5'9", I don't
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    think he's going to get far with that. That's all I
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    wanted to say.
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               THE COURT: Okay, we can take it up --
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                                 That is incorrect. He's
               MR. LICHTMACHER:
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    incorrect (ui).
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               THE COURT: We'll deal with it later. I'll
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    say to both sides, Mr. Lichtmacher, you can consider
    what Mr. Stannard has said. I also say that privacy
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    concerns frankly go nowhere in this Court for redaction
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    purposes when there's a protective order. So the
    D.A.'s office can think about that but, you know, if
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    the log has to match the Sprint records or whatever, if
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    the only argument is privacy concerns of an individual,
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    that's not going anywhere with me and it never has in
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    this Court because we're talking about -- because of
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    the protective order. Of course, that takes on
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    different significance if we're talking about it in
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    connection with trial but I'm not deciding that now.
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               I take it, Mr. Stannard, there's nothing you
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    want to say with respect to the subpoena for the notes
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    in the desk.
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               MR. STANNARD: Nothing further, no.
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               THE COURT: Okay, all right. I wish you all
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    good health and have a nice day.
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               MR. STANNARD: Thank you, your Honor.
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               MR. LICHTMACHER: Stay healthy, your Honor,
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    thank you.
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I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. March 23, 2021 ELIZABETH BARRON